Name:	Date:	Section:

Blood Sugar Regulation Simulator Activity: How Your Body Controls Sugar

Phase 1: ENGAGE (5 minutes)

Getting Started: Open peebedu.com and navigate to the Blood Sugar Regulation Simulator.

The Mystery: You eat a candy bar with 40 grams of sugar. An hour later, a blood test shows your blood sugar is nearly the same as before you ate. Where did all that sugar go?

Think-Pair-Share:

1.	THINK (1 minute): Where do you think the sugar went?				
2.	PAIR (2 minutes): Share with a partner. Write their idea:				
3.	PREDICT: What do you think controls blood sugar levels?				

Phase 2: EXPLORE (15 minutes)

Let's Investigate How Your Body Manages Sugar!

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1. Watch the simulator	for 1 minute without	adding anything.	
2. What is the normal b	lood sugar range? _	to mg/o	IL
3. Do you see any patte	erns?		
Part B: What Happens W	/hen You Eat?		
Click "Add Meal" and Ell in what you obse	9	nack.	
What I'm Watching	Before Eating	Right After Eating	30 Minutes Later
Blood Sugar Level	Normal		
Insulin (Blue)	Low		
What's Happening?	Stable		
Discovery Question: Wh	en blood sugar goes	s up, what does insulin do	?
Part C: What Happens D	uring Exercise?		
1. Reset the simulator.	Click "Add Exercise	п	
		ercise?	
3. Which hormone incre	eases? (Hint: It's the	orange one!)	_

4.	Vhy do you think the body does this?				
Part I	D: When Things Go Wrong				
1.	Switch to "Type 1 Diabetes" mode. Add a meal.				
2.	What's different? The body doesn't make				
3.	What happens to blood sugar?				
4.	Draw what you see happening:				

Phase 3: EXPLAIN (10 minutes)

Making Sense of Blood Sugar Control

The Blood Sugar Team: Match each player to its job:

Team Member	Job Description	When It Works
Insulin		After eating
Glucagon		During exercise/between meals
Pancreas		Always monitoring
Liver		When signaled

Complete the Story: Fill in the blanks using what you learned:

When you eat candy, your blood sugar goes ______. Your pancreas detects this and releases ______. This hormone tells your cells to ______ the sugar from your blood. When blood sugar gets too ______, your pancreas releases ______, which tells your liver to ______ stored sugar.

Draw It Out: Create a simple diagram showing:

• What happens after eating (use arrows!)

• What happens during exercise

• Label insulin and glucagon

Phase 4: ELABORATE (10 minutes)

Real-Life Connections

Scenario 1: The Soccer Player

Maria has a soccer game at 3 PM. She eats lunch at noon.

1.	game.				
2.	Should she eat a snack before the game? Test it! What happens?				
Scen	ario 2: Understanding Diabetes				
Your	friend has Type 1 diabetes and needs to check blood sugar before lunch.				
1.	Why is this important? (Use what you learned!)				
2.	If their blood sugar is high, what's missing in their body?				
3.	How could medicine help? (Think about what insulin does)				

Design a Healthy Day:

Use the simulator to plan meals and activities for stable blood sugar:

•	Morning:	_
•	Noon:	
•	Evening:	

Phase 5: EVALUATE (5 minutes)

Show What You Know!

Check Your Understanding:
What organ makes insulin and glucagon?
2. When blood sugar is HIGH, the body releases
3. When blood sugar is LOW, the body releases
Apply Your Knowledge:
1. Why do you think people feel tired when their blood sugar is too high or too low?
2. A student skips breakfast. Predict what their body does to maintain blood sugar:
3. Explain to a younger student how the body controls blood sugar (use simple words!):
Model Evaluation:
One thing this simulator helped me understand:
One question I still have:

Key Vocabulary:

- Blood Sugar (Glucose): The fuel your cells need for energy
- Insulin: Hormone that lowers blood sugar by helping cells absorb it
- Glucagon: Hormone that raises blood sugar by releasing stored sugar
- Pancreas: Organ that makes insulin and glucagon
- **Diabetes:** When the body can't control blood sugar properly