Name:	Date: Section:
Plant Response Activity	
How Plants See the Light	
Phase 1: ENGAGE (8 minutes)	
Getting Started: Open peebedu.com and navigate to Plant Respons	se Simulator
Initial Observations: Start with the Phototropism tab Locate these	e components:
Quick Test: Drag the sun to the right side. What happens?	
Predict: Why might plants need to bend toward light?	

Essential Question: How do plants detect and respond to light to maximize their survival? _____

Phase 2: EXPLORE (18 minutes)

Part A: Phototropism Investigation
Experiment 1: Light Direction Test how light position affects plant growth.
Key Observations: The plant always bends the light Purple auxin dots move to the side More auxin = (faster/slower) growth on that side New leaves grow facing
Part B: Photoperiodism Investigation
Switch to Photoperiodism tab.
Experiment 2: Day Length and Flowering
(Write 'Flowers or No flowers' in each box)
Pattern Discovery:
• Chrysanthemum flowers when nights are than hours
• Tomato flowers of day length

Phase 3: EXPLAIN (15 minutes)

Understanding the Science
Phototropism Explained:
Fill in the process:
Light hits plant \rightarrow Light sensors detect it \rightarrow Auxin hormone moves to side \rightarrow
Cells with more auxin grow \longrightarrow Stem bends \longrightarrow light
Why This Matters:
• More light = More
• Better growth = More
How Plants Tell Time:
Plants have internal clocks that measure:
Three Types of Plants:
Draw the flowering pattern:
•
Plants
Voluntary?
Design Challenge:
Create the perfect growth chamber:
• Light color: because
• Day length: hours for
Exit Reflection:
Complete one:
• The most surprising thing I learned:

• I still wonder: _____

Key Vocabulary:

• Phototropism: Growth toward light

• Auxin: Plant growth hormone

• Photoperiodism: Response to day/night length

• Short-day plant: Flowers when nights are long

• Long-day plant: Flowers when nights are short

• Day-neutral plant: Flowers regardless of day length